May the post-translational process of succination be involved in cardiotoxicity?

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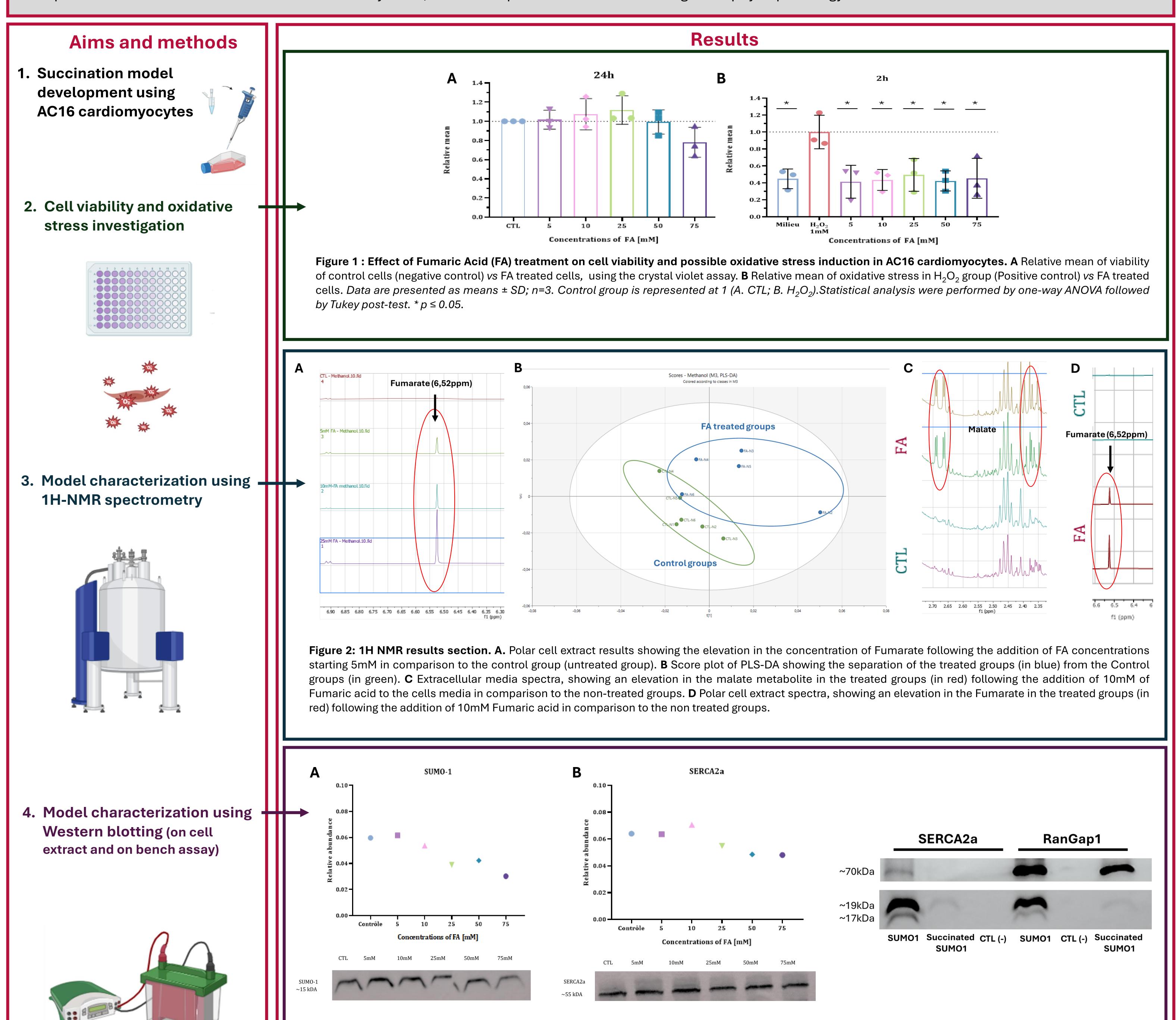
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Introduction

The small ubiquitin-like modifier 1 (SUMO1) plays an important role in the regulation of the sarcoplasmic/endoplasmic reticulum Ca²⁺ ATPase 2a (SERCA2a), which is responsible of facilitating the reuptake of Ca²⁺ in the endoplasmic reticulum after cardiac contraction. Consequently, any modification in SUMO1 could lead to the modification of SERCA2a's activity/stability, hence in cardiotoxicity. In this context, a previous study conducted by our laboratory, demonstrated that SUMO1 could be a target of succination, an irreversible post-translational modification resulting from the interaction of fumarate with reactive cysteine thiols. This study aims to understand the impact of SUMO1 succination on SERCA2a SUMOylation, with the hope to better understanding heart physiopathology.



either normal SUMO1 or succinated SUMO1 (with 100x DiethylFumarate for 24H at 37°C).

Discussion and Conclusion

Preliminary 1H-NMR results suggest the occurrence of succination in treated cells starting a concentration of 10mM of FA. Though western blot results were not significant, they suggested a tendency of decrease in the abundance of both SUMO1 and SERCA2a especially at higher concentrations of FA (consecrations starting 10mM). In addition, the SUMOylation/Succination reaction assay confirms the decrease of the activity of SUMO1 in SUMOylation both SERCA2a and RanGap1 due to their succination. In conclusion, understanding the impact of SUMO1 succination on SERCA2a SUMOylation, could reveal a new regulatory mechanism in cardiac function, and this might allow a better understanding of heart physiopathology.

References

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- Figures were created on Biorender.com

Figure 3: Representative immunoblots of SUMO1 (A) and SERCA2a (B) and quantification of protein abundance in AC16 cardiomyocytes (Succination model)

in control group and in FA treated groupes. The graphics are a simple representation of the immunoblots normalized on ponceau, n=1. C. Representative

immunoblots of SUMOylated vs non-SUMOylated SERCA2a and RanGap1. SERCA2a and RanGap were SUMOylated (following the SUMOylation cycle), with

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